### **GEORGIOS SYLAIOS**

Professor Democritus University of Thrace Department of Environmental Engineering Faculty of Engineering Xanthi, Greece



## Towards a Digital Twin for Ocean Health





# What is a Digital Twin?

"A digital twin is a virtual replica that serves as the real-time digital representation of a physical object or process".

"Digital twins are the result of **continual improvement** in the creation of **product design** and **engineering activities**".

source: Wikipedia.

What are the elements of a DT?

- Smart Sensors for RT data collection
- Systems for data transfer and data feeds
- Decentralized or centrally-stored in cloud
- High resolution/high in accuracy simulations to virtual copies
- Interactive platforms to display RT 3D/4D spatial-temporal data
- Integrating IoT, AI and software analytics
- Augmented reality (AR) systems as visualization technologies
- Optimize machines, products, processes, services
- Monitoring, diagnostics, prognostics

Where DTs are used?

- Manufacturing
- Automotive
- Construction
- Utilities
- Healthcare

# **DIGITAL TWINS IN ILIAD**



Iliad's Digital Twin of the Ocean provides a virtual environment representing the ocean, capable of running complex, predictive management scenarios. The innovative system integrates cross discipline sensors, models and digital infrastructures.



# ILIAD IN A SEASHELL



Enabling an ecosystem of interoperable digital twins for the ocean trough:

- Connecting to existing ocean data infrastructures
- Enhance ocean data infrastructures with additional observation technologies and citizen science



Create an open marketplace accessible for all providers and users by:

- Development of innovative methods in open frameworks and platforms
- Enable model evaluations & comparisons for many Earth science applications from weather, energy, aquaculture to climate and more



Provide solutions to address future societal challenges by:

- Assembling a broad and diverse user community of existing and new users,
- Supporting the communities in testing and using the project's innovative technological solutions

## **ILIAD Digital Twin Ingredients and Novelties**







MACHINE LEARNING MODELS ation and Evaluat

## **DTO Platform**

Interoperable Data Collector Simulator **Control Room** 

**Existing Resources** Satellites Sensor Networks Databases Large-scale Models

**AI Algorithms** Data Fusion Data Analytics Data-driven Models Machine Learning Pattern Recognition **Event Detection** 

**) I T** 

**Citizen Science** Networks **Reporting Apps** Social Networks



Humans as Sensors

Policy









Semantics

Towards the Digital Twin for Oil Spill Incidents in the Thracian Sea



## Forecasting Numerical Models with Data Assimilation



## Sensors at Sea – RT Data Transfer to DUTH Server

Time Range: 28/11/2017 - 01/05/2019

· Mean Wave Height & Period

· Spectral Mean Wave Period

· Maximum Wave Height

· Significant Wave Height

· Peak Wave Period

### Kariani's Buoy

### Time Range: 26/10/2018 - Present Time Step: 1 h

### Parameters

- · Profile Currents Speed & Direction
- · Profile U. V. W Velocity
- · Wave Peak Period
- Mean 1/10 Largest Waves Mean 1/3 Largest Waves
- · Significant Wave Height
- Maximum Wave
- Mean Direction
- Mean Hydrostatic Pressure
- Number of No Detects
- Directional variance at peak period
- Near Surface Current Direction
- Near Surface Current Speed
- Mean Period (Spectra Equivalent)
- · Peak Period
- Mean Period (Direct Measurement).

### Lander & Surface Systems

Time Range: 13/07/2020 - Present Time Step: 1 h

### Parameters

- · Profile Currents Speed & Direction (Lander)
- Mean Hydrostatic Pressure (Lander)
- · Dissolved Oxygen
- Air Saturation
- Water Temperature
- · Water Conductivity Chlorophyll
- Turbidity

### Time Range: 11/02/2014 - Present Time Step: 15 min

Parameters

Kavala's Port

- Atmosphere
- · Wind Speed & Direction
- Rain
- · Relative Humidity

- · Atmospheric Pressure · Air Temperature

- Water Level

- Sea
- Water Conductivity

Water Temperature

· Spectral Significant Wave Height Wave Steepness

Triaxys 1 & 2

Time Step: 1 hr

Parameters

- **4 ADCPs** for 3D currents, waves • and SPM monitoring
- 1 surface water quality station (SST, S, DO, Chl, pH, SPM)
- **2 Wave riders** (wave height, • period and direction)
- **Glider surveys** (T, C, S,  $\sigma_{t}$ , 0 CDOM, SPM, DO)

- Already Installed To be Installed
- Glider's 1st Route Glider's 2nd Route
- Glider's 3rd Route

# Instrumentation Deployed in Thracian Sea







oceanographic stations
deployed in Kariani, Palio,
Perigiali and Avdira,
collecting and transferring
RT oceanographic data on

waves (significant wave height, wave period and wave direction),

## b) currents

a)

throughout the water column,

c) water quality (temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, SPM).

### **Coastal Atmospheric Conditions**







meteorological station installed in Kavala coastal zone for the RT measurements:

- a) air temperature, wind speed and direction, barometric pressure, relative humidity, dew point temperature, precipitation,
- b) air quality (PM10 concentration).

# Mobile Oceancast App





144

NA

20

Δ



# Glider Surveys in Thracian Sea – summer 2023

Glider equipped with sensor payload consisting of:

SEAEXPLORER.FR.

- CTD sensor
- CDOM, SPM, Chl-a
- ADCP
- Plankton UPV6 Camera



## Hydrography, Water Column Dynamics and Subsurface Chlorophyll Maximum in North Aegean Trough





## **Algorithms for Oil Spill Detection**







## **ML in Operational Oil Spill Modeling**



Test ML models in terms of prediction accuracy and computational time

Univariate ML algorithms to forecast wind and ocean parameters with variable lookback and forecasting windows

Time Series and Regression Methods for Univariate Environmental Forecasting: An Empirical Evaluation

Dimitrios Effrosynidis<sup>a,\*</sup>, Evangelos Spiliotis<sup>b</sup>, Georgios Sylaios<sup>c</sup>, Avi Arampatzis<sup>a</sup>

### **Oil Spill Modeling Validation and Meta-Analysis**





# Citizen Science: Scanning Twitter Posts for Oil Spill and Other Disaster Posts











## THANK YOU!

Professor Georgios Sylaios Democritus University of Thrace